

Japan's ODA: Rolling Plan for the Republic of Zimbabwe

As of June, 2012

[Diplomatic Consideration, etc.]
 1. In Zimbabwe, after the government including opposition party members was established in February 2009, the political situation has shown certain equability, and regarding the economic situation, which was in a state of collapse, physical distribution has been improved and prices have been stable.
 2. Since 2000, formulation of new general grant aid projects has been suspended except for humanitarian aid. However, given the recent stability of the political and economic situation, bilateral general grant aid and technical cooperation projects, which contribute to humanitarian purposes, will be resumed. Japan will consider the concrete cooperation projects which could be implemented at an early stage.
 3. When development of the political and economic circumstances could allow full-fledged bilateral assistance, Japan will consider, in addition to emergency humanitarian aid, assistance in prioritized areas such as health and medical services, promotion of agriculture, making conducive environment for industrial promotion that leads to income generation, and environmental conservation including water.

[Priority Area]		Humanitarian Aid												
[Development Issue]	[Background] As a result of the negotiations between the concerned parties as well as the mediation of the neighboring countries, the inclusive government consisting of the ruling party and the opposition party was established in February 2009 after extreme confusion of the political and economic situation in 2008. Major donor countries continue their humanitarian and humanitarian plus aid, and express their willingness to support Zimbabwe's reconstruction with development assistance, if the inclusive government implements reforms and positive developments are observed, in respect of the human rights, the restoration of the rule of law, the end of farm seizures, and the rational economic management, etc. Japan will also consider positively assistance that encourages inclusive government's efforts toward the democratization of Zimbabwe. In the mid- and long-term, it will be important to shift from humanitarian aid to development assistance, observing the Zimbabwe's situation.		[Japan's Assistance Policy] The positive developments in respect of human rights, restoration of the rule of law, rational economic policy, etc. by the reforms of the inclusive government should be monitored carefully. For the time being, humanitarian assistance continues to be a priority within the constraint of limited aid resources, and emphasis is put on assistance such as grassroots aid through NGOs, emergency assistance of food aid, health and education through international organizations etc. (In the health sector, "Japan's new health development policy 2011-2015" should be taken into consideration; In the education sector, "Japan's new education cooperation policy 2011-2015" should be taken into consideration.) On the other hand, as the political situation has shown certain equability and the economic situation has been stable, bilateral general grant aid and technical cooperation projects, which contribute to humanitarian purposes, will be resumed and Japan will consider the concrete cooperation projects which could be implemented at an early stage, with a focus on the rehabilitation of the projects which Japan implemented in the past.											
	Program	Program Summary	Project	Scheme	Schedule						Assistance Amount (100 Million Yen)	Note		
Humanitarian Aid	Humanitarian Aid	The shortage of the crops like maize has been occurring for several years in Zimbabwe due to the decrease of production caused by the land seizure and consecutive droughts. Moreover, the assistance for the socially vulnerable, who cannot make their living or are displaced because of the political confusion, has been an urgent issue. Therefore, humanitarian aid, especially in food, health and education will be extended.	The Project for the Improvement of Water Supply, Sewage and Solid Waste Management in Chitungwiza	TCDP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.54		
			Humanitarian assistance for African Countries (By the JFY 2011 supplementary Budget)	ML	●							4.8million USD	UNICEF	
				ML	●							2.61 million USD	WFP	
				ML	●							1 million USD	UNHCR	
				ML	●							1.5 million USD	IFRC	
				ML	●							1 million USD	IOM	
			Irrigation Development and Management Advisor	EXP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
			Expert on PMTCT through strengthening integrated Maternal and Child Health Service	EXP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
			The projects related to Humanitarian Aid Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid (3 projects)	GHGA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.29	—	
			The projects related to Humanitarian Aid Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers (10 volunteers)	JOCV	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
			Horticultural Crop Cultivation and Extension	CTR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
			Strengthening Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Capacity Building of HIV/AIDS Response Programme	CTR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Integrated Learning Seminar for Medical Techniques and Technology Correlating to Problems in the Sub-Saharan African Countries	CTR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
The projects related to Humanitarian Aid Area-focused Training, Issue-based Training and Training for Young Leaders (49 courses)	TR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				

Legend: [PS] = Preparatory Survey, [TCP] = Technical Cooperation Project, [TCDP] = Technical Cooperation for Development Planning, [EXP] = Expert, [EQ] = Equipment, [CTR] = Country-focused Training, [TR] = Issue-based Training / Area-focused Training / Training Program for Young Leaders, [JOCV] = Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers, [SV] = Senior Volunteers, [TEXP] = Third-country Expert, [TTR] = Third-country Training, [STC] = Science and Technology Cooperation on Global Issues, [xx-TA] = Technical Assistance implemented by organizations other than MOFA and JICA, [GA] = Grant Aid (other than specific grant aid schemes listed below), [NPGA] = Non-Project Grant Aid, [GHGA] = Grassroots Human Security Grant Aid, [JNGA] = Grant Aid for Japanese NGO's Projects, [CGA] = Cultural Grant Aid, [GCGA] = Grassroots Cultural Grant Aid, [LA] = Loan Aid (Yen-Loan), [ML] = Multilateral Cooperation, [●] = disbursed JFY in Multilateral Cooperation